NEW MUTUAL SCANDAL HINTED

SOMEBODY SOMEHOW GOT \$300,-000 ON UNSECURED LOAN,

Truesdate Committee's Final Report Urges Suing McCurdy for \$4,260 Cab Hire and an Inquiry Into the Buildink Contracts - Trustees' Names Withheld.

The sixth and final report of the Mutual Life Insurance Company's self-investigating committee, composed of William H. Truesdale and John W. Auchincloss, was made public yesterday.

The report hints at a new scandal in the loan department involving \$300,000, but fails to disclose the names of the persons concerned. It looks as if somebody got \$300,-000 without putting up any authenticated security. The loan was still being carried on December 31, 1905.

The report recommends a careful investigation into payments made to building contractors by the Mutual Life in the last five years, which amount to more than \$7,000,000, and suggests that if the payments have been in excess of fair values the matter be referred to the c mpany's law department for action.

The report recommends further that a suit be brought against Richard A. McCurdy, the former president, to recover \$4,260 charged by him for cab hire. The document tells the number of trustees who knew of the \$150,000 salary that was being paid to President McCurdy and also the number who were cognizant of the campaign contributions, but it doesn't mention a single one of them by name. The identity of trustees concerned in other transactions which are taken up in the report isn't given,

The hints at irregularities in regard to a \$300,000 loan are contained in the committee's findings in the bond and mortgage department. The report says:

Attention is called to discrepancy between the books of the company and those of the bond and mortgage department whereby the latter, on December 31, 1904, show three loans aggregating \$410,000, which are not included among the loans on bonds and mortgages on the general books of the company they appearing thereon as "temporary loans.

December 31, 1905, one of these amounting to \$300,000 was still carried on the general books as a temporary loan. The law department has no knowledge of this loan, and no evidence of title has been exhibited. These three loans were all included, however, in the gross amount loaned on bonds and mortgages, as shown by the company's

The committee doesn't say who got the two other loans.

Although the amount which the company may loan on mortgages is held by the committee's experts to be about 60 per cent, of the value of the real estate offered as security, the report of the expert accountants to the committee shows that \$34,861,194.17 was loaned on property in excess of the 60 per cent. valuation. Says the committee:

As many as 131 loans, securing over \$3,000,000 are over 100 per cent. of the appraised value

The appraisers and accountants reduced the company's book valuation offsuch loans by \$707,680, and the reduction was approved

company's books show further that in the five years ending December 31, 1905, the losses of the company on real estate foreclosed and sold aggregated more than \$394,279. The committee recommends that the Mutual Life in the future place its mort-gages direct instead of through subsidiary companies, thus saving the ½ per cent a year which was in many cases going to sub-

sidiary concerns.

The report shows that the original cost of the Mutual's real estate, including the of the Mutual's real estate, including the improvements on it, was \$35,936,254.33. The new appraisal of the committee's experts shows a net loss from the original cost of \$5,723,633.33, although the new figures are in reality \$822,182 in excess of the value at which the properties were carried on the Mutual's books. The net profits realized on the properties have averaged less than 2½ per cent. on the money invested. The committee recommends the immediate attention of the new management to the real tention of the new management to the real estate investments and suggests that only such of it be retained as shall be required for the company's use. There should be a return of at least 3½ per cent. on money invested. As to building contracts the report says: port says:

The purchase of most of the real estate holdings of the company, the improvements of same or the changes in the improvements from time to time made were, so far as appears, without the approval or sanction of any committee or the board of trustees. In the administration of this branch of the company's operations great extravagance is glaringly apparent on every hand, coupled with entire absence of ordinary business methods and care. In the letting of contracts covering large expenditures no competition seems to have been invited or desired.

These are some of the companies named by the committee as having done work for the Mutual Life in the last five years: R. C. Fisher & Co., marble......\$1,362,561 85 George Mulligan, builder...... 1,098.870 62 J. B. & J. M. Cornell, iron and

Tucker Electric Construction Co. 385 130 00 Baker, Smith & Co., steam heating 300,030 05 715,091 26

There are several other building firms in the list, as are also Clinton & Russell, the architects, who have offices in the Mutual Life building. Clinton & Russell are down for \$303,169.62.

The committee says that from a superficial examination it judges that payments on account of alterations made to suit incomaccount of alterations made to suit incoming terants were charged up as improvements. An example of that is found in the alterations made in the offices of the Guaranty Trust Company in which many Mutual Life trustees are stockholders. Those alterations cost \$60,000 and were charged as an improvement. Regarding the payment of \$1,362,561.85 to R. C. Fisher & Co. for marble

five years, the report says: Reference to this supplemental report (the accountants' report; shows that of the above sum \$174,634.63 was paid for marble, \$10,179.04 for other materials, and the balance, \$1,177, 748.18 for labor-presumably for cutting polishing and installing same in the several buildings when placed. The cost of marble and labor on same for the banking room, at 51 and 55 Cedar street, seems by this report

to have been \$293,756. This marble contract is a most conspicuous example of methods; pursued in connection with the handling of the real estate and build-ings owned by the company. The large sum the labor as claimed by the contractor, plus 7½ per cent. So far as can be ascertained no adequate check or account was kept by the company, or any one on its behalf, showing what labor was thus employed on its account, the rates of wages paid or the actual gross amount of wages paid for work done for it.

Your committee strongly urge that the present management of the company have a most careful and thorough examination made of the contracts, bills, vouchers and accounts pertaining to the several contracts aggregating the sum of \$7,412,103.24 paid diffe contractors for the purpose of ascertaining whether under the loose practices prevalent in connection with these transactions paynts have not been made largely in excess of fair values received, and that if same is apparent as result of such examination the question of recovering be submitted to its legal representatives for such action as they

In checking the domestic policy loans the accountants found that the papers in two loans of \$340 and \$110 respectively were missing. A small defalcation also was dis"The car of the year"

Oldsmobile

Palace Touring Car 30 h. p. Price \$2,250

siso the Oldsmobile Flying Roadster

30 h. p.; 60 miles an hour. OLDSMOBILE CO. OF N. Y. BRANCH AT LONG BEACH, L. L.

closed involving the appropriation of \$104.12 on the principal of a loan, and interest on various loans collected between May, 1904, and June, 1905, aggregating \$638.25, a total defalcation of \$742.37. The shortage was traced to a clerk in the department, who confessed. Many plerical mistakes also were discovered.

were discovered.

The committee makes several recommendations for the reorganization of that department. In the foreign policy loan department 117 cases of irregularities involving \$45,177 in the aggregate were uncovered. The irregularities, it is said, do not appear to be such as vitiate the security of the loans. The accountants say there is more opportunity for peculation and the concealment of the thefts in the policy loan departments than in any other. were discovered.
The committee

Under the head of expenditures of a questionable character made between January 1 1899, and December 31, 1905, the accountant 1899, and December 31, 1905, the accountants submitted a statement aggregating \$913, 375.48. This statement does not include any of the moneys which went to Andrew C. Fields through the manipulation of the supply department. The committee declined yesterday to make public the accountants' report, including that statement.

Some figures are given in the Truesdale committee report. There were payments aggregating \$27,080 direct to Andrew C. Fields, \$12,474 to Andrew Hamilton and \$13,333 to the New York Life Insurance \$13,333 to the New York Life Insurance Company, that to latter payments being the Mutual's share of certain legislative payments. Julius Heye, an employee in the company's supply department, got \$18,834. President McCurdy's \$4,260 for cab hire is put in the questionable class. The committee expresses the opinion that many of these payments formed part of the fund handled by Fields, for which he must account to the company.

mpany. The offices leased to trustees in the Mutual Building, the committee finds, brought the average rental. One trustee who rents an office in the building for \$2,000 a year an office in the building for \$2,000 a year has received semi-annually for the last five years \$2,500 for legal services and advice rendered the officials of the company.

"This was apparently," says the report, "an annual retainer, as no bills showing details of services performed have been rendered."

This trustee's name isn't given, but he is supposed to be Charles E. Miller, who

recently resigned.

Another trustee, whose firm pays an annual rental of \$15,000 a year, has in recent years received his share of \$15,000, paid semi-annually to his firm for legal services. The committee says this also was apparently an annual retainer, as no bills

services. The committee says this also was apparently an annual retainer, as no bills showing details of services have been furnished. This trustee isn't named.

The committee's report shows that nine-teen trustees held stock in varying amounts in the Guaranty Trust Company; that seventeen trustees held stock in the United States Mortgage and Trust Company; nineteen were stockholders in the National Bank of Commerce; eight in the Fifth Avenue Trust Company, the Morristown Trust Company and the Morton Trust Company. All but four of the trustees held stock in one or more of the Mutual's subsidiary companies. Seven of the trustees had relatives, either Seven of the trustees had relatives, either Nine trustees were in terested in synd cates in which the Mutual Life was inter

ested, and two more were interested through firms of which they were members. Six trustees had knowledge of the President's salary having been raised to \$150,000 and seven knew about the campaign con-tributions. The committee discountenances the idea of the trustees holding stock in subsidiary companies. The committee con-cludes its report with an expression of the greatest confidence in the present manage-

The committee handed out a statement as a supplement to the report. It says that the facts contained in the report are those reported to the committee by the accountants. The committee does not wish to be understood as implying any fault on the part of the board by reason of the facts

In reference to the mortgage loans on property in excess of 60 per cent. of the valuations, the accountants, the committee says, arbitrarily selected that percentage as the point at which they would divide the loans. The law permits mortgages to the amount of 66% per cent. of the value of the property, and it doesn't follow there is anything unlawfu! or unwise in the loans referred to.

property, and it doesn't follow there is anything unlawful or unwise in the loans referred to.

In regard to the \$3,000,000 loaned on property held to be worth less than that amount, the committee says the appraisers didn't undertake to appraise anything but the land, and it came to between \$200,000 and \$300,000 of the amount of the loans. These loans are on church properties. The appraisers had no basis from which to judge the value of the buildings.

appraisers had no basis from which to judge the value of the buildings.

"If it is demonstrated," says the statement, "that the policyholders desire a change of policy in this regard (loaning on church property) there is no reason to suppose that on the calling of these loans there will be any loss whatever in money to the company."

The accountants' estimates on the real estate are very conservative. That accounts, according to the statement, for the possible shrinkage there.

The requisition fer information which the committee made upon the trustees was

The requisition for information which the committee made upon the trustees was fully answered, it was announced, by all the trustees except Richard A. McCurdy, Robert H. McCurdy and Elihu Root.

"It was hardly expected," says the statement, "that answers would be received from the Messrs. McCurdy, and it is presumed that Mr. Root's occupation in other fields of usefulness has prevented his giving the necessary attention to the matter,"

Mr. Root resigned from the Mutual board some time ago, and neither of the McCurdys is now a member.

The Weather.

The high pressure area took a position over the Tennessee Valley yesterday and expanded until it tline covered all the country south of the Lake

Tregions and east of Kansas and Texas.

The low pressure passed to the north of the Dakotas and its outline covered the Northwest and upper Mississippi Valley. This combination caused extreme heat overall the country east of the Rocky Mountains, few places having a maximum of less than 85 degrees and many above 90 degrees.

There is every indication of a continuation of the heat for a day or two longer.

Showers and thunderstorms were the order of the day in nearly all the Northwest, Lake regions and New England, and in the morning there were neavy rain and thunder storms in Pennsylvania

New York and New Jersey.
In this city after the morning thunderstorms the day was fair; continued high temperature; winds, fresh and brisk southwesterly; average humidity, 76 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to see level, at 8 A. M., 20.90; 3 P. M., 29.82.

The temperature yesterday as recorded by the official thermometer is shown in the annexed table:

1906, 1908, 1908, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1905, 1905, 1906, 1905, 1906, 1905, 1906, 1905, 1906

Highest temperature, 90°, at 3:45 P. M. WASHINGTON FORECAST POR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For eastern New York and New England, fat and continued warm to-day; showers and cooler at night or to-morrow; light to fresh southwest winds. For the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, Delaware and New Jersey, generally fair and con tinued warm to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh southwest winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, fair and continued warm to-day: showers at night or to-morrow in north and fair and warm in south portion; light to fresh outhwest winds. For western Pennsylvania, local thundershowers this afternoon or to-night; fair to-morrow; fresh southwest to west winds.

For western New York, local thundershowers

-day and probably to-morrow; fresh southwest

CZAR SEEKS TERMS WITH DUMA

NEGOTIATES FOR NEW MINISTRY CHOSEN FROM THE ASSEMBLY.

Petrunkevich Suggested for Premier-Disaffection Among the Guards Said to Alarm the Emperor and His Advisers -One Battalion Is Degraded to the Line

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUM. LONDON, June 3) .- The correspondents at St. Petersburg differ as to the significance of the disaffection among the Guards. Some are of the opinion that it is no more serious than the occasional outbreaks in other armies, holding that if it were otherwise the regiments would not have sub-

mitted to disciplinary measures. Those taking this view say that the reports of mutinies and discontent in the army are everywhere exaggerated. The mevement is rarely political, the men merely taking advantage of the general unrest to press for better treatment from their officers and improved conditions of service.

On the other hand, it is declared that nothing in the whole upheaval in Russia has so deeply impressed the Czar, the royal circle and the bureaucracy as the mutiny of the trusted and comparatively pampered Guards, whose lot is luxurious compared with that of the ordinary line regiment.

If the chroniclers at St. Petersburg are occurately informed the revelation that this prop of the throne was breaking alarmed the Czar and Gen. Trepoff to such an extent that they now favor an understanding with the Constitutional Democrate and wish to intrust them with the formation of a Cabinet. The speeches and conduct of the members of this party in the Duma show that at least they are loyal to the Throne, and the court has already opened negotiations with their leaders for the purpose of inducing them to accept

In response to the Czar's request, says one correspondent, the Constitutional Democrats have suggested M. Petrunkevich for the Premiership, and Prince Dolgorou keff, Count Heyden and MM. Meliukoff, Shipoff and others for Cabinet positions M. Muromizeff will remain President of the Duma, and Baron Isvolsky will continue as Minister of Foreign Affairs. The court would appoint two Ministers.

The members of the Labor party have agreed to support such a government without seeking representation in the Ministry The Constitutional Democrats insist upon the immediate realization of political reforms, the granting of amnesty to political prisoners, universal suffrage, equal rights and constitutional guarantees, leaving social reforms to the next Duma. The negotiations seem to be approaching a favorable

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph says that the progress of the revolutionary agitation in paralyzing the administrative machinery of the empire has achieved a remarkable result in Warsaw, from which city the local police are fleeing by wholesale across the Austrian frontier, owing to the constant assassinations among them by the Terrorists, while the revolutionists have succeeded in persuading the soldiers to refuse to perform police duties further. The entire garrison at Warsaw is affected.

A similar condition of things prevails in the Volga provinces. Two regiments quartered at Samara marched from their encampment, with bands playing, into the public square, where they held a meeting and drafted a list of grievances. The commander was compelled to grant some

three districts :

New Pay Station Telephone Rates

EFFECTIVE JULY 1st, 1906

District No. 1,

The Boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx have been divided into

District No. 3,

Northern Bronx, comprises

the following central offices:

Kingsbridge, Williamsbridge,

Southern Bronx and

Northern Manhattan,

10c.

5c

5c.

5c.

10c.

From Dist. No. 3

15c.

15

20

20

Westchester, City Island.

District No. 2,

comprises the following central

offices: Morningside, Harlem,

Audubon, Melrose and Tremont.

From Dist. No. 2

10c.

15

15

Telephone No.: 9010 Cortlandt

Southern Manhattan, comprises the fol-

lowing central offices: Broad, Rector,

Conflandt, John, Beekman, Franklin,

Worth, Orchard, Spring, Chelsea, Gram-

ercy, Madison Square, 38th Street, Bryant,

Columbus, Plaza, 79th Street, Riverside.

Calls to points in same District - -

From Shaded to White or White to Shaded

From either Shaded District to the other

Shaded District

Hotels and apartment-houses which maintain extensive telephone

10c.

15

15

15

Por rates to points not mentioned above, see list in back of TelephonesDirectory (Page 700

TO PAY STATION SUBSCRIBERS:

A card containing above information is being mailed to all pay station subscribers. Until this card is received we would recommend that this

New York Telephone Company

installations for the convenience of their guests, may continue to charge

Interborough Pay Station Rates

From District 1 to District 2

From District 3 to District 2

Bay Ridge, Bedford, Bushwick, East New York, Flatbush, Green-point, Hamilton, Main, Prospect, South, Williamsburg, Astoria, Newtown Central Offices:.....

Flushing, Jamaica, Richmond Hill, Queens Central Offices:....

Bath Beach, Coney Island, Far Rockaway Central Offices:

Staten Island Central Offices : ...

notice be kept for reference.

15 Dey Street

From District 3 to 1, or 1 to 3

ten cents for local calls, if they so desire.

From District 2 to either Districts 1 or 3

Districts - - - -

of the demands and to promise to consider

St. Petersburg, June 29.-An imperial order has been issued degrading the first battalion of the Preobrajensky Regiment of Life Guards, which recently adopted resolutions indorsing the programme of the Duma. The battalion is transformed into an infantry battalion of the line and the privileges appertaining to a regiment of the Guards are withdrawn.

RUSSIA MUST CUT EXPENSES. Finance Minister Trims War Office Budget and Calls for Other Reductions.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, June 29. - Finance Minister Kokovtseff presented to the Council of Ministers to-day a memorandum calling for a drastic reduction of expenditure and notifying the council of his refusal of the War Minister's application for 183. 000 000 rubles as a special contribution for the strengthening of Russia's position n the Far Fast; sho for an increase of 43,000,000 rubles in the regular military budget. The Finance Minister advises the abolition of several public departments and a reduction in the staff of the Depart-

ment of Finance He mentions that the strikes last October cost the Government 80,000,000 rubles, and intimates that with the present revenue arrangements could not be made to meet the loss that would result from another railroad strike.

ENCOURAGED THE MASSACRE. Duma Commission Accuses Police and

Army Officers at Blelostok. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, June 29.-The commission which was appointed by the Duma to inquire into the Bielostok massacre has made its report. It charges the police with enrolling roughs under the guise of firemen and employing them to beat Jews. Jews were taken to the police station, where some of them were actually killed by the maltreatment they received. This was done, the commission declares, with the knowledge and sometimes in the presence of

Chief of Police Kodarefsky. The commission accuses army officers of encouraging the mob to pillage and massacre. It points out that wherever the military did their duty the rioting ceased immediately.

GERMANY'S COMPLAINT OF US. Fulfilment of Tariff Pledges Not Yet Given, Says "Cologne Gazette."

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, June 29 .- The Cologne Gazette, recurring to the German complaints regarding America's attitude with respect to the most favored nation clause in the tariff arrangement between the United States and Germany, says that Germany s in no wise concerned with the difficulties the United States may have to overcome in order to gain the assent of Congress to the fulfilment of its promises. It is the duty of the American Administration to secure the observance of the binding pledges it has given Germany, and Germany expects this to be done.

Panama Parties May Compromise.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PANAMA June 29 .- In order to reconcile the situation the Constitutional party has made an offer to the opposition to vote a mixed ticket in the Assembly elections which take place on Sunday, three candidates being chosen from each party. If the offer is accepted, which it probably will be there will be no danger of trouble in Panama In the districts outside the city regular voting will obtain.

LUNCHEON FOR LONGWORTHS

WITH PRAISE FOR PRESIDENT AS SPEECHMAKING COURSE.

American Women in London Entertain Visitors and Ambassador and Mrs. Reid -Curzon and Mariborough Pass Compliments-Mr. Longworth Responds.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 29.-A luncheon was given at the Hotel Cecil to-day by the Society of American Women in London in honor of Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, and Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth The guests included Lord Curzon, Lord Roberts, the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, the members of the American Embassy and Anthony Hope Hawkins. Mrs. Webster Glynes presided. She proposed a toast to the King and to President

The Duke of Mariborough made a speech of welcome to Mr. and Mrs. Longworth. In speaking of President Roosevelt he said that the English read with interest every political utterance he makes. His qualities of steadfastness, high aim, courage and manliness commanded the good will and aroused the enthusiasm of every one.

Mr. Longworth expressed his apprecia tion of the courtesy that had been fested toward him and Mrs. Longworth since their arrival in England, and aroused enthusiasm by the proposal of the unexpected toast, "American women, no matter where they may be."

Lord Curzon described himself as a fortunate British institution who had taken an American wife and set an example which Mr. Longworth had followed. Branching off into the relations between England and the United States, he said that he recognized Whitelaw Reid not as a foreign Ambassador but as essentially domestic, and he added that in the hearts of the British people no distingiushed American at the Court of St. James had ever held a dearer place than he. He paid an eloquent tribute of gratitude to President Roosevelt as a man who had captivated and interested the civilized world more than any other statesman, and who was making an enduring mark in the history of our times. "President Roosevelt," he said "stands for the continued and unbreakable friendship of the United States and Great Britain, which has ceased to be an aspiration and has now become a tradition.

AMERICANS IN AUTO SMASH. Mrs. Lisman Severely Hurt and Others Slightly Hurt at Rhelms.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, June 29 .- An automobile in which five Americans were travelling from Paris to Frankfort-on-the-Main side slipped this evening at Rheims, and all the occupants were thrown out.

One of them, Mrs. Lisman, was severely injured, and was taken to a private hospital. The others escaped with slight injuries. They went to a hotel.

THE REV. THOMAS SPURGEON ILL. London Preacher Obliged to Cancel His American Engagement.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, June 29.-The Rev. Thomas Spurgeon, pastor of the Metropolitan Taberhas cancelled an engagement to speak in America on account of his serious

Old English Percelain Rising in Value. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 29 .- At an auction sale at Christie's to-day Mr. Seligman bought a Louis XVI commode for £2.205 and a secreaire for £367. Part of a suit of engraved armor, datde 1530, brought £997. Two French regulator clocks sold for £577 and ware brought £304. A pair of famille rose vases, 331/2 inches high, of the Kienlung period, sold for £851, and a pair of Sevres gros-bleu vases, 27 inches high, for £1,837. The total realized at the sale was £17,000. The prices of old English porcelain indicate that it is rapidly rising in value.

Albert Sorel, Historian, Dead. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, June 29.-Albert Sorel, historian and member of the Institute, died to-day at the age of 64. He was designed for diplomatic career and at one time held a post in the Foreign Office, but most of his life was devoted to historical research. He was the author of many important works, and contributed extensively to Continental

periodicals. No Hamburg-American Service From Libau.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN HAMBURG, June 29.—The officers of the Hamburg-American Steamship Company deny that the company intends to establish a passenger service between Libau and New York. It had been stated that the company would do this in competition with the line that is being established by Russian captalists over the above mentioned route.

Pope Receives Most Rev. Robert Seton. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ROME, June 29.-The Pope to-day gave an audience to the Most Rev. Robert Seton Titular Archbishop of Heliopolis. The Pope

intimated that it was his intention to comply with the recommendation of Cardinal Gibbons and appoint Mgr. Seton Canon of one of the basilicas in Rome

Record Rainfall in London.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 29.-There was a record rainfall here last night of 2.27 inches, representing 227 tons to the acre, in Greater London, within a radius of from eleven to fifteen miles from Charing Cross. Rain to the amount of 100,679,040 tons fell in that area in ten and one-half hours.

Italy to Reduce Interest on Rentes. Special Cable Despatch to THE SING ROME, June 29 .- The Government has

submitted a bill to Parliament reducing the interest on rentes from 4 to 31/2 per cent. from 1912. The bill is unani approved. \$25,000 for Catholic University.

UTICA, June 29 .- Most of the estate of the Rev. Father Aloysius Murphy, late pastor of St. Peter's Church of Rome, N. Y., has been willed to the Catholic University at Washington, D. C. The estate is valued at about \$40,000. Ten thousand dollars is bequeathed to St. Aloysius Academy of Rome. To a brother in Ireland Father Murphy bequeathed \$1,000; to another brother, also in Ireland, \$500, and to each of two housekeepers he gives \$1,000, the remainder of the estate gainst to the university. ainder of the estate going to the university

The Howe Statue of Washington

The statue of Washington on horseback which is to be presented to the city by Ex-Register Howe, has been completed. It ex-Hegister Howe, has been completed. It was delivered a few days ago on the Brookhya plaza of the new Williamsburg Bridge, where it is to stand. The statue was viewed by several thousand persons before it was boxed up. It will not be visible again until it is unveiled about Labor Day. Yesterday the base on which the statue is to stand was put in place.

July 4th Specials



Now, before the holiday, before your vacation, when you want clothes most, at Brills' you'll find extra values.

only, because Brill stores are the only ones enjoying certain trade advantages which make possible extra values. Extra values involving scarcest and

most desirable gray fabrics and blue serges, made into latest model suits.

Men's Suit Specials.

Blue serge, gray worsted flannel twopiece and gray mixture suits, tailored to hold shape, fit and style and warranted to hold color until worn out. Value one-third more. July 4th special

High-grade tropical worsted two-piece suits; gray serge and gray mixture suits that are unusual under \$16.50. July 4th special \$12.50

U. S. True Blue serge suits, "Brill Special" blue serge suits and tropical weight pure worsted two-piece suits. Best value in America under \$20. July

Hand-tailored twilight gray worsted suits and tropical worsted two-piece suits; fabrics, trimmings and tailoring of character usually found only in \$20 garments.

July 4th special \$15

Finest ready-to-wear clothes-Blue serge gray mixtures, other mixtures, tropical worsted two piece suits, London flannel outing suits, etc., from America's six leading tailoring institutions and from our shop L. B. Value can be better measured in the correct style, comfortable fit and exquisite finish of these garments than in \$ and c. July 4th special \$20

Get the Habit. Go to Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, near Chambers. 47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich, UNION SQUARE 14th St., near Broadway, NEW YORK CITY. 25th St., corner Third Ave.

MOB PLIES TAR AND FEATHERS. Man and Two Women Painted by Indignant

Farmers. FOWLERVILLE, Mich., June 29 .- George Simpson, aged 60, a farmer; Mrs. Cora Elliott, 35 years old, who lived in Simpson's house, and Simpson's wife, Ella, 50 years old, who lived apart from him, were coated

with tar and feathers last night. Two other women escaped, as did one man. Neighboring farmers have complained that men were nightly visitors at the house of Simpson and at his wife's house. A vigilance committee was organized and twenty-five farmers agreed to meet near Simpson's and raid the places. About midnight they marched to Simpson's house and surrounded it. In the darkness a young woman known as Gladys and a young man eluded the mob, but Cora Elliott fell into their hands. Simpson was absent. With the Elliott woman they marched to the house occupied by Mrs. Simpson. They found her alone, made her prisoner and returned to Simpson's place and lay in wait

Simpson was caught an hour later in the

with the prisoners bound, the captors heated a pot of tar, stripped the trio and painted them back and front. The victims were then sprinkled with feathers and released. Simpson drove to Howell as soon as he got the tar removed from his skin and made complaint to Sheriff Pratt. The Sheriff investigated but could not get sufficient information as to the identity of the

painters to justify making arrests. THE FATE OF A REFORMER. Hoboken Policeman Said to Have Been

Tempted to Enter Saloons. A policeman in full uniform was arrested on a charge of drunkenness in Oakland avenue, Jersey City, last evening and taken to the Third precinct station, where he described himself as Chanceman John Desmond of the Hoboken police force. As his name was being taken down the men in sections 5 and 6, who were answering return roll call looked critically at him and unanimously concluded that he was sober. The roundsman who arrested him disputed their decision and the desk sergeant took his view of the case and booked Desmond.

his view of the case and booked Desmond.

Chief Murphy said last night: "Our cops were actuated by a spirit of fealty and comradeship in deciding that their Hoboken brother was not drunk."

Desmond was paroled for a hearing this morning. He was a witness before the Grand Jury yesterday afternoon and was tempted, it is said, to enter sakons in the neighborhood of the Court House. The Grand Jury is trying to get evidence in the interest of reform, and is subpænaing a great many witnesses. great many witnesses.

TWO O'CONNELLS TO JAIL.

Nellie and John, Net Related, Sentenced for the Theft of a Watch. Nellie O'Connell, 25 years old, and Thomas O'Connell, both of whom lived at 314 East Twenty-sixth street but are not related,

appeared in General Sessions yesterday on the charge of having stolen a \$100 watch from John Davis, an engineer, who lives in Pivington street. According to Davis's story he met the girl one night and went with her to her home.

girl one night and went with her to ber home. While he was asleep his watch vanished. He woke up and said that he would give \$50 if he got it back. The girl yelled for Tom O'Connell, who appeared with the watch. Day is says he compromised by paying O'Connell \$30 and got the watch. Then he went to sleep again. After a long sleep he got up to find that his watch had again disappeared. So had the O'Connells. The police had no trouble in getting them. They were convicted and the girl told Judge Cowing that she wanted to reform and asked that she he sent to the Bedford Reformatory. Judge Cowing granted her request. O'Connell was sent to Sing Sing for not less than a year or for more than four years.

Standard Oll Co. May Supply Water to San Francisco

San Francisco, June 29 .- It is said that the Standard Oil Company is planning to invade the local water field and give competition to the Spring Valley Water Company. which has enjoyed a monopoly in San Francisco for more than forty years. The Standard is believed to be the purchaser of the Blue Lakes and Sierra Nevada Water and Power Company. The price agreed upon is said to be \$57,000,000.

The Standard already controls the gas works here, having purchased the plant of the San Francisco Gas and Electrical Com-

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